National

Organization of

SUBJECT:

BOTTLEFEEDING/BREASTFEEDING

Mothers

MULTIPLES

**O**f

Peggy Toman, SSN, IBCLC

**T**wins

RESEARCHER:

Clubs, Inc.

DATE:

1988

PURPOSE:

The purpose of her study was to determine why mothers of multiples did or did not breastfeed, the factors that influence the decision to breast or bottlefeed and the problems encountered when breastfeeding multiples. She was also interested in the length of the breastfeeding experience and the factors influencing that experience.

METHOD:

Mothers of multiples from Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa answered the survey developed by the author.

## RESULTS:

Result: 83% breastfed - 17% bottlefed

Comparison: Breastfeeding Group

- 1. Slightly older
- 2. More education beyond high school
- 3. Had a higher average of income

## Total Group

- 1. 50% delivered vaginally
- 2. 40% delivered cesarean
- 3. 5% delivered both ways
- 4. Length of pregnancy the same in either group
- 5. Number of older siblings the same in either group

Statistics:

- 1. 60% chose to breastfeed mainly during pregnancy
- 2. Those who chose to bottle feed mainly did so at the time of delivery

Reasons:

Reasons for not planning to breastfeed from the beginning:

- 1. Too inconvenient
- 2. Too much concern with diet
- 3. Uncomfortably large
- 4. To get extra help

Reasons for not choosing to breastfeed at delivery:

- 1. Planned to nurse singleton, not twins
- 2. To get help with feedings
- 3. To get more rest
- 4. Feeling too nervous
- 5 Too much time involved

## **RESEARCH REPORT #7**

Factors: Five factors influencing decision to breastfeed twins: 1. Not to treat differently just because there were two 2. Good for babies 3. Convenience 4. Bonding attachment 5. Less expensive The most common source of twin breastfeeding information came from: Source: 60% 1. Books 26% 2. Mothers of Multiples 21% 3. Breastfeeding support groups 15% 4. No source 1. 62% nursed twins separately Facts: 2. Football hold was most popular for those who nursed together 3. 72% fed babies on demand 4. 37% did wake the second baby at night 5. Average age weaned was 11 months 6. Supplemented group was weaned 5 months earlier 7. A significant number experienced opposition to breastfeeding twins (58%) in comparison to opposition to breastfeeding singleton (20%) 1. Physical stress Problems: 2. Maintaining milk supply 3. Time 4. Emotional stress loods dalif broved noticeube enold of 5. Poor sucking of a premature baby Information Helpful to Know: 1. Importance of rest/relaxation 2. Putting children first 3. Working together with husband 4. Learning to ask for help properties and to redented a 5. How to freeze, pump, store breast milk Twin breastfeeding rate is increasing. CONCLUSION: